# CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

# **A61L**

METHODS OR APPARATUS FOR STERILISING MATERIALS OR OBJECTS IN GENERAL

DISINFECTION, STERILISATION, OR DEODORISATION OF AIR CHEMICAL ASPECTS OF BANDAGES, DRESSINGS, ABSORBENT PADS, OR SURGICAL ARTICLES

MATERIALS FOR BANDAGES, DRESSINGS, ABSORBENT PADS, OR SURGICAL ARTICLES (preservation of bodies or disinfecting characterised by the agent employed <u>A01N</u>; preserving, e.g. sterilising, food or foodstuffs <u>A23</u>; preparations for medical, dental or toilet purposes <u>A61K</u>; preparation of ozone <u>C01B 13/10</u>)

# **WARNING**

The following IPC groups are not used in the CPC system. Subject matter covered by these groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

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A61L 33/10 covered by A61L 33/0011
A61L 33/14 covered by A61L 33/0011
A61L 33/16 covered by A61L 33/0047
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IPC7 groups  $\underline{A61L\ 2/07}$ ,  $\underline{A61L\ 2/32}$  and subgroups, and  $\underline{A61L\ 9/012}$  to  $\underline{A61L\ 9/014}$  might be incomplete as relevant documents might still be classified in the hierarchical higher groups

# Guide heading:

# Disinfection or sterilising

#### A61L 2/00

Methods or apparatus for disinfecting or sterilising materials or objects other than foodstuffs or contact lenses

Accessories therefor (for contact lenses A61L 12/00; atomisers for disinfecting agents A61M; sterilisation of packages or package contents in association with packaging B65B 55/00; treatment of water, waste water, sewage or sludge C02F; disinfecting paper D21H 21/36; disinfecting devices for water closets E03D; articles having provision for disinfection, see the relevant subclasses for these articles, e.g. H04R 1/12)

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A61L 2/0005
                       . { for pharmaceuticals, biologicals or living parts }
A61L 2/0011
                              { using physical methods }
A61L 2/0017
                                 { Filtration }
                       . . .
A61L 2/0023
                                 { Heat }
                       . . .
A61L 2/0029
                                 { Radiation }
                       . . .
A61L 2/0035
                                     { Gamma radiation }
                       . . . .
A61L 2/0041
                                     { X-rays }
                       . . . .
A61L 2/0047
                                     { Ultraviolet radiation }
                       . . . .
A61L 2/0052
                                     { Visible light }
A61L 2/0058
                                     { Infrared radiation }
                       . . . .
A61L 2/0064
                                     { Microwaves }
                       . . . .
A61L 2/007
                                     { Particle radiation, e.g. electron-beam, alpha or beta radiation }
                       . . . .
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A61L 2/0076
                                  { using a photocatalyst or photosensitiser }
A61L 2/0082
                            { using chemical substances }
A61L 2/0088
                               { Liquid substances }
A61L 2/0094
                               { Gaseous substances }
A61L 2/02
                         using physical phenomena
A61L 2/022
                            { Filtration }
A61L 2/025
                            Ultrasonics
A61L 2/03
                            Electric current
A61L 2/035
                               { Electrolysis }
A61L 2/04
                            Heat (A61L 2/08 takes precedence)
A61L 2/06
                               Hot gas
A61L 2/07
                                  Steam
A61L 2/08
                            Radiation
A61L 2/081
                               { Gamma radiation }
A61L 2/082
                               { X-rays }
A61L 2/084
                               { Visible light }
A61L 2/085
                               { Infrared radiation }
A61L 2/087
                               { Particle radiation, e.g. electron-beam, alpha or beta radiation }
A61L 2/088
                               { using a photocatalyst or photosensitiser }
A61L 2/10
                               Ultra-violet radiation
A61L 2/12
                               Microwaves
A61L 2/14
                            Plasma, i.e. ionised gases
A61L 2/16
                         using chemical substances
A61L 2/18
                            Liquid substances { or solutions comprising solids or dissolved gases }
A61L 2/183
                               { Ozone dissolved in a liquid }
                     . . .
A61L 2/186
                               { Peroxide solutions }
A61L 2/20
                            Gaseous substances, e.g. vapours
A61L 2/202
                               { Ozone }
A61L 2/204
                               { Formaldehyde }
A61L 2/206
                               { Ethylene oxide }
A61L 2/208
                               { Hydrogen peroxide }
A61L 2/22
                            Phase substances, e.g. smokes, aerosols { or sprayed or atomised substances }
A61L 2/23
                            Solid substances, e.g. granules, powders, blocks, tablets
A61L 2/232
                               layered or coated
A61L 2/235
                               cellular, porous or foamed
                      . . .
A61L 2/238
                               Metals or alloys, e.g. oligodynamic metals
A61L 2/24
                         Apparatus using programmed or automatic operation
A61L 2/26
                        Accessories { or devices or components used for biocidal treatment }
A61L 2/28
                            Devices for testing the effectiveness or completeness of sterilisation, e.g. indicators
                            which change colour (apparatus involving enzymes or micro-organisms C12M
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# 1/34; methods involving enzymes or micro-organisms C12Q 1/00)

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A61L 9/00
                      Disinfection, sterilisation or deodorisation of air (body deodorants A61Q 15/00;
                      purifying air by respirators A62B, A62D 9/00; separating dispersed particles from gases
                      or vapours B01D 45/00 to B01D 51/00, B03C 3/00; chemical or biological purification of
                      waste gases B01D 53/34; production of ozone C01B 13/10; air-conditioning systems
                      incorporating sterilisation F24F 3/16)
A61L 9/01
                         Deodorant compositions { (compositions released by contact with a liquid A61L 9/05)
A61L 9/012
                            characterised by being in a special form, e.g. gels, emulsions { (A61L 9/048 takes
                      . .
                            precedence)}
A61L 9/013
                            containing animal or plant extracts, or vegetable material
A61L 9/014
                            containing sorbent material, e.g. activated carbon
                         using gaseous or vaporous substances, e.g. ozone ( A61L 9/20 takes precedence; {
A61L 9/015
                         evaporation in general B01B 1/005 })
A61L 9/02
                            using substances evaporated in the air by heating or combustion
A61L 9/03
                               Apparatus therefor
A61L 9/032
                                  { comprising a fan }
A61L 9/035
                                  { emanating multiple odours }
A61L 9/037
                                  { comprising a wick }
A61L 9/04
                            using substances evaporated in the air without heating
A61L 9/042
                               { with the help of a macromolecular compound as a carrier or diluent ( A61L
                      . . .
                               9/048 takes precedence ) }
A61L 9/044
                               { with the help of an organic compound other than a macromolecular compound
A61L 9/046
                               { with the help of a non-organic compound }
A61L 9/048
                               { air treating gels }
A61L 9/05
                               specially adapted to be released by contact with a liquid, e.g. for toilets
A61L 9/12
                               Apparatus, e.g. holders, therefor
A61L 9/122
                                  { comprising a fan }
A61L 9/125
                                  { emanating multiple odours }
A61L 9/127
                                  { comprising a wick }
                      . . . .
A61L 9/14
                         using sprayed or atomised substances { including air-liquid contact processes }
A61L 9/145
                            { air-liquid contact processes, e.g. scrubbing }
A61L 9/16
                         using physical phenomena
A61L 9/18
                            Radiation (A61L 9/22 takes precedence)
A61L 9/20
                               Ultra-violet radiation
A61L 9/205
                                  { using a photocatalyst or photosensitiser }
A61L 9/22
                            Ionisation
A61L 11/00
                      Methods specially adapted for refuse { ( desintegrating medical waste <u>B02C 19/12M</u>;
                      disposal of medical waste B09B 3/0075)}
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A61L 12/00
                     Methods or apparatus for disinfecting or sterilising contact lenses
                     Accessories therefor
A61L 12/02
                        using physical phenomena, e.g. electricity, ultrasonics or ultrafiltration
A61L 12/023
                           { Electrolysis }
A61L 12/026
                           { Ultrasounds }
A61L 12/04
                           Heat (A61L 12/06 takes precedence)
A61L 12/06
                            Radiation, e.g. ultraviolet or microwaves
A61L 12/063
                              { Ultraviolet radiation }
A61L 12/066
                              { Microwaves }
                     . . .
A61L 12/08
                        using chemical substances
A61L 12/082
                            { in combination with specific enzymes }
A61L 12/084
                           { in a gaseous state }
A61L 12/086
                            { Container, accessories or devices therefor }
                     . .
A61L 12/088
                            { Heavy metals }
A61L 12/10
                           Halogens or compounds thereof
A61L 12/102
                              { Chlorine dioxide (ClO2) }
A61L 12/105
                              { lodine, iodides or iodophores }
A61L 12/107
                              { Hypohalites: Active halogens }
                     . . .
A61L 12/12
                           Non-macromolecular oxygen-containing compounds, e.g. hydrogen peroxide or
                            ozone ( A61L 12/10 takes precedence )
A61L 12/122
                              { Ozone }
A61L 12/124
                              { Hydrogen peroxide; Peroxy compounds }
A61L 12/126
                                  { neutralised with catalase or peroxidase }
A61L 12/128
                                  { neutralised with catalysts }
A61L 12/14
                            Organic compounds not covered by groups A61L 12/10 or A61L 12/12
A61L 12/141
                              { Biguanides, e.g. chlorhexidine }
A61L 12/142
                                  { Polymeric biguanides }
A61L 12/143
                              { Quaternary ammonium compounds }
A61L 12/145
                                  { Polymeric quaternary ammonium compounds }
A61L 12/146
                              { Aldehydes }
A61L 12/147
                              { Alcohols or derivatives thereof (aldehydes A61L 12/146)}
A61L 12/148
                              { Mercury containing compounds, e.g. thimerosal }
                     . . .
Guide heading:
                     Chemical aspects of, or use of materials for, bandages, dressings or absorbent
                     pads { comprising a solid support or backing } ( for liquid bandages A61L 26/00 ;
                     radioactive dressings { A61N 5/1029 } { transdermal delivery devices A61K 9/7023 } )
A61L 15/00
                     Chemical aspects of, or use of materials for, bandages, dressings or absorbent
                     pads (for liquid bandages A61L 26/00; radioactive dressings { A61N 5/1029 } )
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In each set of groups A61L 15/08 to A61L 15/12 and A61L 15/18 to A61L 15/40, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.

When classifying in groups A61L 15/08 to A61L 15/12, classification is also made in group 15/14 if the use of materials characterised by their function or physical properties is of interest.

When classifying in groups A61L 15/18 to A61L 15/40, classification is also made in groups A61L 15/42 to A61L 15/64 if the use of materials characterised by their function or physical properties is of interest.

A61L 15/07	Stiffening bandages
A61L 15/08	containing inorganic materials, e.g. plaster of Paris
A61L 15/10	containing organic materials
A61L 15/12	containing macromolecular materials

#### NOTE

In group A61L 15/12 and subgroups, the use of specific polymers is indicated using the relevant combination set symbol, adding, after the A61L 15/12 symbol, the correspondent symbol of the polymer composition in subclass CO8L, e.g. stiffening bandage based on polyurethane A61L 15/12, CO8L 75/04

A61L 15/125	{ Mixtures of macromolecular compounds }
A61L 15/14	Use of materials characterised by their function or physical properties
A61L 15/16	<ul> <li>Bandages, dressings or absorbent pads for physiological fluids such as urine or blood, e.g. sanitary towels, tampons</li> </ul>
A61L 15/18	containing inorganic materials
A61L 15/20	containing organic materials
A61L 15/22	containing macromolecular materials
	NOTE

# NOTE

In groups A61L 15/22 to A61L 15/30, the use of specific polymers is indicated using the relevant combination set symbol, adding, after the symbol in A61L, the correspondent symbol of the polymer in subclass C08L, e.g. absorbent pad containing starch A61L 15/22, C08L 3/02

A61L 15/225		{ Mixtures of macromolecular compounds }
A61L 15/24	•••	Macromolecular compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds  Derivatives thereof { ( A61L 15/225 takes precedence ) }
A61L 15/26	•••	Macromolecular compounds obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds Derivatives thereof $\{ (A61L 15/225 takes precedence) \}$
A61L 15/28		Polysaccharides or their derivatives { ( A61L 15/225 takes precedence ) }

A61L 15/30	Rubbers or their derivatives { ( A61L 15/225 takes precedence ) }
A61L 15/32	Proteins, polypeptides Degradation products or derivatives thereof, e.g. albumin, collagen, fibrin, gelatin { ( A61L 15/225 takes precedence ) }
A61L 15/325	{ Collagen }
A61L 15/34	Oils, fats, waxes or natural resins { ( A61L 15/225 takes precedence ) }
A61L 15/36	containing micro-organisms
A61L 15/38	containing enzymes
A61L 15/40	<ul> <li>containing ingredients of undetermined constitution or reaction products thereof, {</li> <li>e.g. plant or animal extracts }</li> </ul>
A61L 15/42	<ul> <li>Use of materials characterised by their function or physical properties ( liquid bandages <u>A61L 26/00</u> )</li> </ul>
A61L 15/425	<pre>{ Porous materials, e.g. foams or sponges }</pre>
A61L 15/44	Medicaments
A61L 15/46	Deodorants or malodour counteractants, e.g. to inhibit the formation of ammonia or bacteria
A61L 15/48	Surfactants
A61L 15/50	Lubricants Anti-adhesive agents
A61L 15/52	Water-repellants
A61L 15/54	Radio-opaque materials
A61L 15/56	Wetness-indicators or colourants
A61L 15/58	Adhesives
A61L 15/585	{ Mixtures of macromolecular compounds }
A61L 15/60	Liquid-swellable gel-forming materials, e.g. super-absorbents
A61L 15/62	{ Compostable, } hydrosoluble or hydrodegradable materials
A61L 15/64	specially adapted to be resorbable inside the body
A61L 17/00	<b>Materials for surgical sutures or for ligaturing blood vessels</b> ( surgical adhesives $\underline{A61L\ 24/00}$ ; surgical instruments, devices or methods for suturing or ligaturing $\underline{A61B}\ \underline{17/04}$ , $\underline{A61B\ 17/12}$ ; supports or packages for suture materials $\underline{A61B\ 17/04}$ ); { Materials for prostheses or catheters ( bone cements or surgical adhesives for soft body tissues $\underline{A61L\ 24/00}$ ; shape or structure of prostheses $\underline{A61F\ 2/00}$ ; shape or structure of catheters $\underline{A61M\ 5/00}$ )}
	<u>NOTE</u>
	In groups $\underline{A61L\ 17/04}$ to $\underline{A61L\ 17/145}$ , in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.
	When classifying in group $\underline{A61L\ 17/00}$ , classification is also made in $\underline{A61L\ 33/00}$ if the materials used are antithrombogenic.
A61L 17/005	. { containing a biologically active substance, e.g. a medicament or a biocide }
A61L 17/04	. Non-resorbable materials
A61L 17/06	. At least partially resorbable materials

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A61L 17/08 ... of animal origin, e.g. catgut, collagen

A61L 17/10 ... containing macromolecular materials

A61L 17/105 ... { Polyesters not covered by A61L 17/12 }

A61L 17/12 ... Homopolymers or copolymers of glycolic acid or lactic acid

A61L 17/14 ... Post-treatment to improve physical properties

A61L 17/145 ... { Coating }

A61L 24/00 Surgical adhesives or cements
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Adhesives for colostomy devices

# NOTE

In groups <u>A61L 24/00</u> to <u>A61L 24/12</u>, the use of specific polymers is indicated using the relevant combination set symbol, adding, after the symbol in <u>A61L</u>, the correspondent symbol of the polymer in subclass <u>C08L</u>, e.g. surgical adhesives based on polymethylmethacrylate: <u>A61L 24/06</u>, <u>C08L 33/12</u>

In groups  $\underline{A61L\ 24/02}$  to  $\underline{A61L\ 24/12}$ , in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.

When classifying in group  $\underline{A61L\ 24/00}$ , classification is also made in  $\underline{A61L\ 33/00}$  if the materials used are antithrombogenic.

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A61L 24/0005
                      . { Ingredients of undetermined constitution or reaction products thereof }
A61L 24/001
                      • { Use of materials characterised by their function or physical properties }
A61L 24/0015
                            { Medicaments; Biocides }
A61L 24/0021
                            { Plasticisers }
A61L 24/0026
                            { Sprayable compositions }
A61L 24/0031
                            { Hydrogels or hydrocolloids }
A61L 24/0036
                            { Porous materials, e.g. foams or sponges }
A61L 24/0042
                            { Materials resorbable by the body }
                         { Composite materials, i.e. containing one material dispersed in a matrix of the same
A61L 24/0047
                         or different material }
A61L 24/0052
                            { with an inorganic matrix }
A61L 24/0057
                               { Carbon }
A61L 24/0063
                               { Phosphorus containing materials, e.g. apatite }
A61L 24/0068
                               { Inorganic materials not covered by groups A61L 24/0057 or A61L 24/0063 }
A61L 24/0073
                            { with a macromolecular matrix }
A61L 24/0078
                               { containing fillers of carbon }
A61L 24/0084
                               { containing fillers of phosphorus-containing inorganic compounds, e.g. apatite }
                      . . .
A61L 24/0089
                                { containing inorganic fillers not covered by groups A61L 24/0078 or A61L
                      . . .
                                24/0084 }
A61L 24/0094
                               { containing macromolecular fillers }
A61L 24/02
                         containing inorganic materials
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A61L 24/04
                       containing macromolecular materials
A61L 24/043
                           { Mixtures of macromolecular materials }
A61L 24/046
                           { obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated
                           bonds (A61L 24/043 takes precedence)}
A61L 24/06
                           obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds ( A61L
                           24/043, A61L 24/046 take precedence)}
A61L 24/08
                           Polysaccharides { ( A61L 24/043 takes precedence ) }
A61L 24/10
                           Polypeptides
                           Proteins { (A61L 24/043 takes precedence ) }
A61L 24/102
                              { Collagen }
A61L 24/104
                              { Gelatin }
                     . . .
A61L 24/106
                              { Fibrin; Fibrinogen }
A61L 24/108
                               { Specific proteins or polypeptides not covered by groups A61L 24/102 to A61L
                     . . .
                               24/106 }
A61L 24/12
                           Ionomer cements, e.g. glass-ionomer cements { ( A61L 24/043 takes precedence )
A61L 26/00
                     Chemical aspects of, or use of materials for, { wound dressings or } bandages { in
                     liquid, gel or powder form }
                     NOTE
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When classifying in group  $\underline{A61L\ 26/00}$ , classification is also made in  $\underline{A61L\ 33/00}$  if the materials used are antithrombogenic.

In groups <u>A61L 26/00</u> to <u>A61L 26/00</u> R, the use of specific polymers is indicated using the relevant combination set symbol, adding, after the symbol in <u>A61L</u>, the correspondent symbol of the polymer in subclass <u>C08L</u>, e.g. liquid bandages on alginates: <u>A61L 26/0023</u>, <u>C08L 5/04</u>

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A61L 26/0004

    { containing inorganic materials }

A61L 26/0009
                      . { containing macromolecular materials }
A61L 26/0014
                            { obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds }
A61L 26/0019
                            { obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated
                            bonds }
A61L 26/0023
                            { Polysaccharides }
A61L 26/0028
                            { Polypeptides; Proteins; Degradation products thereof }
                      . .
A61L 26/0033
                               { Collagen }
                      . . .
A61L 26/0038
                               { Gelatin }
A61L 26/0042
                               { Fibrin; Fibrinogen }
A61L 26/0047
                               { Specific proteins or polypeptides not covered by groups A61L 26/0033 to A61L
                               26/0042 }
A61L 26/0052
                            { Mixtures of macromolecular compounds }
A61L 26/0057
                      • { Ingredients of undeterminded constitution or reaction products thereof }
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A61L 26/0061 • { Use of materials characterised by their function or physical properties } A61L 26/0066 { Medicaments; Biocides } A61L 26/0071 { Plasticisers } A61L 26/0076 { Sprayable compositions } A61L 26/008 { Hydrogels or hydrocolloids } A61L 26/0085 { Porous materials, e.g. foams or sponges } A61L 26/009 { Materials resorbable by the body } A61L 26/0095 { Composite materials, i.e. containing one material dispersed in amatrix of the same or different material }

A61L 27/00

Materials for { grafts or } prostheses or for coating { grafts or } prostheses ( dental prostheses  $\underline{A61C\ 13/00}$ ; shape or structure of prostheses  $\underline{A61F\ 2/00}$ ; use of preparations for artificial teeth  $\underline{A61K\ 6/02}$ ; artificial kidneys  $\underline{A61M\ 1/14}$ )

#### **NOTE**

In groups  $\underline{A61L}$   $\underline{27/02}$  to  $\underline{A61L}$   $\underline{27/48}$ , in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place

When classifying in groups  $\underline{A61L\ 27/02}$  to  $\underline{A61L\ 27/48}$ , classification is also made in groups  $\underline{A61L\ 27/50}$  to  $\underline{A61L\ 27/60}$  if the use of materials characterised by their function or physical properties is of interest

When classifying in group  $\underline{A61L\ 27/00}$ , classification is also made in  $\underline{A61L\ 33/00}$  if the materials used are antithrombogenic

In group  $\underline{A61L\ 27/00}$ , the use of specific polymers is indicated using the relevant classification symbols of subclass  $\underline{C08L}$  in the second position of the combination set, e.g. prosthesis based on polyvinylchloride  $\underline{A61L\ 27/16}$ ,  $\underline{C08L\ 27/06}$ 

A61L 27/02 Inorganic materials A61L 27/025 { Other specific inorganic materials not covered by A61L 27/04 to A61L 27/12 } A61L 27/04 Metals or alloys A61L 27/042 { Iron or iron alloys } A61L 27/045 { Cobalt or cobalt alloys } . . . A61L 27/047 Other specific metals or alloys not covered by A61L 27/042 to A61L 27/045 or . . . A61L 27/06 } Titanium or titanium alloys A61L 27/06 A61L 27/08 Carbon; { Graphite } A61L 27/10 Ceramics or glasses A61L 27/105 { containing Al2O3 } . . . A61L 27/12 Phosphorus-containing materials, e.g. apatite . . A61L 27/14 Macromolecular materials A61L 27/16 obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds A61L 27/165 { Rubbers } . . . A61L 27/18 obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated

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bonds
A61L 27/20
                             Polysaccharides
A61L 27/22
                             Polypeptides or derivatives thereof, { e.g. degradation products }
A61L 27/222
                                { Gelatin }
A61L 27/225
                                { Fibrin; Fibrinogen }
A61L 27/227
                                Other specific proteins or polypeptides not covered by A61L 27/222, A61L
                                27/225 or A61L 27/24 }
A61L 27/24
                                Collagen
                      . . .
A61L 27/26
                             Mixtures of macromolecular compounds
A61L 27/28
                          Materials for coating prostheses
A61L 27/30
                             Inorganic materials
A61L 27/303
                                { Carbon }
A61L 27/306
                                { Other specific inorganic materials not covered by A61L 27/303 to A61L 27/32 }
A61L 27/32
                                Phosphorus-containing materials, e.g. apatite
                      . . .
A61L 27/34
                             Macromolecular materials
                      . .
A61L 27/36
                         containing ingredients of undetermined constitution or reaction products thereof, { e.g.
                          transplant tissue, natural bone, extracellular matrix ( isolated natural compounds, e.g.
                          collagen A61L 27/24)}
A61L 27/3604
                             { characterised by the human or animal origin of the biological material, e.g. hair,
                      . .
                             fascia, fish scales, silk, shellac, pericardium, pleura, renal tissue, amniotic
                             membrane, parenchymal tissue, fetal tissue, muscle tissue, fat tissue, enamel }
                                { Bone, e.g. demineralised bone matrix [DBM } , bone powder]
A61L 27/3608
A61L 27/3612
                                { Cartilage, synovial fluid }
A61L 27/3616
                                { Blood, e.g. platelet-rich plasma }
A61L 27/362
                                { Skin, e.g. dermal papillae }
A61L 27/3625
                                { Vascular tissue, e.g. heart valves }
A61L 27/3629
                                { Intestinal tissue, e.g. small intestinal submucosa }
                                { Extracellular matrix (ECM) }
A61L 27/3633
A61L 27/3637
                             { characterised by the origin of the biological material other than human or animal,
                             e.g. plant extracts, algae }
                             { characterised by the site of application in the body ( materials for artificial blood
A61L 27/3641
                             vessels A61L 27/507; materials for use in artificial skin A61L 27/60)
A61L 27/3645
                                { Connective tissue }
A61L 27/365
                                   { Bones }
A61L 27/3654
                                   { Cartilage, e.g. meniscus }
A61L 27/3658
                                       { Intervertebral discs (mechanical aspects and structures of intervertebral
                                      discs A61F 2/442)}
A61L 27/3662
                                   { Ligaments, tendons }
A61L 27/3666
                                { Epithelial tissues other than skin }
A61L 27/367
                                { Muscle tissue, e.g. sphincter }
A61L 27/3675
                                { Nerve tissue, e.g. brain, spinal cord, nerves, dura mater }
                      . . .
A61L 27/3679
                                { Hollow organs, e.g. bladder, esophagus, urether, uterus, intestine }
                      . . .
A61L 27/3683
                             { subjected to a specific treatment prior to implantation, e.g. decellularising,
                      . .
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demineralising, grinding, cellular disruption/non-collagenous protein removal,
                             anti-calcification, crosslinking, supercritical fluid extraction, enzyme treatment }
A61L 27/3687
                                { characterised by the use of chemical agents in the treatment, e.g. specific
                       . . .
                                enzymes, detergents, capping agents, crosslinkers, anticalcification agents }
                                 { characterised by physical conditions of the treatment, e.g. applying a
A61L 27/3691
                                compressive force to the composition, pressure cycles, ultrasonic/sonication or
                                microwave treatment, lyophilisation }
A61L 27/3695
                                { characterised by the function or physical properties of the final product, where
                                no specific conditions are defined to achieve this ( A61L 27/3687, A61L
                                <u>27/3691</u> take precedence ) }
                             { containing added animal cells ( organs or tissue containing native cells A61L
A61L 27/38
                             27/36)}
A61L 27/3804
                                { characterised by specific cells or progenitors thereof, e.g. fibroblasts,
                                connective tissue cells, kidney cells }
A61L 27/3808
                                    { Endothelial cells }
                       . . . .
A61L 27/3813
                                    { Epithelial cells, e.g. keratinocytes, urothelial cells }
A61L 27/3817
                                    { Cartilage-forming cells, e.g. pre-chondrocytes }
A61L 27/3821
                                    { Bone-forming cells, e.g. osteoblasts, osteocytes, osteoprogenitor cells }
                                    { Muscle cells, e.g. smooth muscle cells }
A61L 27/3826
A61L 27/383
                                    { Nerve cells, e.g. dendritic cells, Schwann cells }
A61L 27/3834
                                    { Cells able to produce different cell types, e.g. hematopoietic stem cells,
                       . . . .
                                    mesenchymal stem cells, marrow stromal cells, embryonic stem cells }
                                { characterised by the site of application in the body ( materials for artificial
A61L 27/3839
                                blood vessels A61L 27/507; materials for use in artificial skin A61L 27/60)
A61L 27/3843
                                    { Connective tissue }
                       . . . .
A61L 27/3847
                                       { Bones }
A61L 27/3852
                                       { Cartilage, e.g. meniscus }
                       . . . . .
A61L 27/3856
                                           { Intervertebral discs ( mechanical aspects and structures of
                       . . . . . .
                                          intervertebral discs A61F 2/442)}
A61L 27/386
                                       { Ligaments, tendons }
                       . . . . .
                                       { Dental/periodontal tissues }
A61L 27/3865
A61L 27/3869
                                    { Epithelial tissues other than skin }
A61L 27/3873
                                    { Muscle tissue, e.g. sphincter }
A61L 27/3878
                                    { Nerve tissue, brain, spinal cord, nerves, dura mater }
A61L 27/3882
                                    { Hollow organs, e.g. bladder, esophagus, urether, uterus }
A61L 27/3886
                                { comprising two or more cell types }
A61L 27/3891
                                    { as distinct cell layers }
A61L 27/3895
                                { using specific culture conditions, e.g. stimulating differentiation of stem cells,
                                pulsatile flow conditions }
A61L 27/40
                          Composite materials, i.e. containing one material dispersed in a matrix of the same or
                          different material
A61L 27/42
                             having an inorganic matrix
A61L 27/422
                                { of carbon }
A61L 27/425
                                { of phosphorus containing material, e.g. apatite }
```

```
A61L 27/427
                                { of other specific inorganic materials not covered by A61L 27/422 or A61L
                      . . .
                                27/425 }
A61L 27/44
                            having a macromolecular matrix
                      . .
A61L 27/443
                                { with carbon fillers }
                      . . .
A61L 27/446
                                { with other specific inorganic fillers other than those covered by A61L 27/443 or
                                A61L 27/46 }
A61L 27/46
                                with phosphorus-containing inorganic fillers
A61L 27/48
                                with macromolecular fillers
                      - - -
A61L 27/50
                         Materials characterised by their function or physical properties, { e.g. injectable or
                         lubricating compositions, shape-memory materials, surface modified materials }
A61L 27/502
                            { Plasticizers }
A61L 27/505
                            { Stabilizers }
                      . .
A61L 27/507
                            { for artificial blood vessels (apparatus for applying cells on a blood vessel
                            prosthesis A61F 2/062)
A61L 27/52
                            Hydrogels or hydrocolloids
A61L 27/54
                            Biologically active materials, e.g. therapeutic substances ({ A61L 27/227 takes
                            precedence })
A61L 27/56
                            Porous materials, { e.g. foams or sponges }
A61L 27/58
                            Materials at least partially resorbable by the body
A61L 27/60
                            Materials for use in artificial skin
A61L 28/00
                      Materials for colostomy devices (adhesives for colostomy devices A61L 24/00)
                      NOTE
                           When classifying in group A61L 28/00, classification is also made in A61L 33/00 if
                           the materials used are antithrombogenic.
A61L 28/0003
                        { containing inorganic materials }
A61L 28/0007
                      . { containing macromolecular materials }
A61L 28/0011
                            { obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds }
A61L 28/0015
                            { obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated
                      . .
                            bonds }
A61L 28/0019
                            { Polysaccharides }
A61L 28/0023
                            { Polypeptides; Proteins; Degradation products thereof }
A61L 28/0026
                            { Mixtures of macromolecular compounds }
A61L 28/003
                         { Ingredients of undeterminded constitution or reaction products thereof }
A61L 28/0034
                      • { Use of materials characterised by their function or physical properties }
A61L 28/0038
                            { Medicaments; Biocides }
A61L 28/0042
                            { Plasticisers }
A61L 28/0046
                            { Sprayable compositions }
A61L 28/0049
                            { Hydrogels or hydrocolloids }
```

```
A61L 28/0053
                            { Porous materials, e.g. foams or sponges }
A61L 28/0057
                            { Materials resorbable by the body }
                      . .
A61L 28/0061
                      . { Materials for coating }
A61L 28/0065
                            { Inorganic materials }
A61L 28/0069
                            { Macromolecular materials }
A61L 28/0073
                      . { Composite materials, i.e. containing one material dispersed in a matrix of the same
                         or different material }
A61L 28/0076
                            { with an inorganic matrix }
A61L 28/008
                            { with a macromolecular matrix }
A61L 28/0084
                               { containing fillers of carbon }
A61L 28/0088
                               { containing fillers of phosphorus-containing inorganic compounds }
                      . . .
A61L 28/0092
                                { containing inorganic fillers not covered by groups A61L 28/0084 or A61L
                               28/0088 }
A61L 28/0096
                               { containing macromolecular fillers }
                      . . .
A61L 29/00
                      Materials for catheters, { medical tubing, cannulae, or endoscopes } or for coating
                      catheters (shape or structure of catheters A61M 25/00)
```

In groups  $\underline{A61L\ 29/02}$  to  $\{\ \underline{A61L\ 29/12}\ D\ \}$ , in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place

When classifying in groups  $\underline{A61L\ 29/02}$  to {  $\underline{A61L\ 29/12}\ D$  } , classification is also made in groups  $\underline{A61L\ 29/14}$  to  $\underline{A61L\ 29/18}$  if the use of materials characterised by their function or physical properties is of interest

When classifying in group  $\underline{A61L\ 29/00}$ , classification is also made in  $\underline{A61L\ 33/00}$  if the materials used are antithrombogenic

In group  $\underline{A61L\ 29/00}$ , the use of specific polymers is indicated using the relevant classification symbols of subclass  $\underline{C08L}$  in the combination set, e.g. a catheter based on polyvinylchloride  $\underline{A61L\ 29/04}$  B,  $\underline{C08L\ 27/06}$ 

```
A61L 29/005
                        { Ingredients of undetermined constitution or reaction products thereof }
A61L 29/02
                         Inorganic materials
A61L 29/04
                         Macromolecular materials
A61L 29/041
                            { obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds }
A61L 29/042
                               { Rubbers }
A61L 29/043
                            { Polysaccharides }
                      . .
A61L 29/044
                            { Proteins; Polypeptides; Degradation products thereof }
                      . .
A61L 29/045
                               { Collagen }
A61L 29/046
                               { Gelatin }
A61L 29/047
                               { Fibrin; Fibrinogen }
```

A61L 29/048	{ Other specific proteins or polypeptides not covered by <u>A61L 29/045</u> to <u>A61L 29/047</u> }
A61L 29/049	{ Mixtures of macromolecular compounds }
A61L 29/06	<ul> <li>obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds</li> </ul>
A61L 29/08	. Materials for coatings
A61L 29/085	{ Macromolecular materials }
A61L 29/10	Inorganic materials
A61L 29/103	{ Carbon }
A61L 29/106	{ Inorganic materials other than carbon }
A61L 29/12	<ul> <li>Composite materials, i.e. containing one material dispersed in a matrix of the same or different material</li> </ul>
A61L 29/123	{ having an inorganic matrix }
A61L 29/126	{ having a macromolecular matrix }
A61L 29/14	<ul> <li>Materials characterised by their function or physical properties, { e.g. lubricating compositions }</li> </ul>
A61L 29/141	{ Plasticizers }
A61L 29/143	{ Stabilizers }
A61L 29/145	{ Hydrogels or hydrocolloids }
A61L 29/146	{ Porous materials, e.g. foams or sponges }
A61L 29/148	{ Materials at least partially resorbable by the body }
A61L 29/16	<ul> <li>Biologically active materials, e.g. therapeutic substances ( { A61L 29/048 takes precedence } )</li> </ul>
A61L 29/18	Materials at least partially X-ray or laser opaque
A61L 31/00	<b>Materials for other surgical articles,</b> { e.g. stents, stent-grafts, shunts, surgical drapes, guide wires, materials for adhesion prevention, occluding devices, surgical gloves, tissue fixation devices ( shape or structure of stent-grafts <u>A61F 2/07</u> , of stents <u>A61F 2/82</u> , of surgical gloves <u>A61B 19/04</u> , of surgical drapes <u>A61B 19/08</u> , of occluding devices <u>A61B 19/08</u> .

<u>17/12022</u>)}

In groups <u>A61L 31/02</u> to { <u>A61L 31/129</u> } , in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place

When classifying in groups  $\underline{A61L\ 31/02}$  to {  $\underline{A61L\ 31/129}$  }, classification is also made in groups  $\underline{A61L\ 31/14}$  to  $\underline{A61L\ 31/18}$  if the use of materials characterised by their function or physical properties is of interest

When classifying in group  $\underline{A61L\ 31/00}$ , classification is also made in  $\underline{A61L\ 33/00}$  if the materials used are antithrombogenic

In group  $\underline{A61L\ 31/00}$ , the use of specific polymers is indicated using the relevant classification symbols of subclass  $\underline{C08L}$  in the second position of the combination set, e.g. surgical clamp based on polyvinylchloride  $\underline{A61L\ 31/04}$  H,  $\underline{C08L\ 27/06}$ 

```
A61L 31/005
                         { Ingredients of undetermined constitution or reaction products thereof }
A61L 31/02
                         Inorganic materials
A61L 31/022
                             { Metals or alloys }
A61L 31/024
                             { Carbon; Graphite }
A61L 31/026
                            { Ceramic or ceramic-like structures, e.g. glasses }
A61L 31/028
                             { Other inorganic materials not covered by A61L 31/022 to A61L 31/026 }
A61L 31/04
                         Macromolecular materials
A61L 31/041
                             { Mixtures of macromolecular compounds }
A61L 31/042
                             { Polysaccharides }
A61L 31/043
                             { Proteins; Polypeptides; Degradation products thereof }
A61L 31/044
                                { Collagen }
A61L 31/045
                                { Gelatin }
A61L 31/046
                                { Fibrin; Fibrinogen }
                      . . .
A61L 31/047
                                { Other specific proteins or polypeptides not covered by A61L 31/044 to A61L
                      . . .
                                31/046 }
A61L 31/048
                             { obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds ( A61L
                      . .
                             31/041 takes precedence ) }
A61L 31/049
                                { Rubbers }
                      . . .
A61L 31/06
                             obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated
                             bonds { (A61L 31/041 takes precedence)}
A61L 31/08
                         Materials for coatings
A61L 31/082
                             { Inorganic materials }
A61L 31/084
                                { Carbon; Graphite }
A61L 31/086
                                { Phosphorus-containing materials, e.g. apatite }
                      . . .
A61L 31/088
                                Other specific inorganic materials not covered by A61L 31/084 or A61L 31/086
                      . . .
A61L 31/10
                             Macromolecular material
A61L 31/12
                         Composite materials, i.e. containing one material dispersed in a matrix of the same or
                         different material
A61L 31/121
                             { having an inorganic matrix }
A61L 31/122
                                { of carbon }
A61L 31/123
                                { of phosphorus-containing materials, e.g. apatite }
A61L 31/124
                                { of other specific inorganic materials not coverd by A61L 31/122 or A61L
                                <u>31/123</u> }
A61L 31/125
                             { having a macromolecular matrix }
                      . .
                                { containing carbon fillers }
A61L 31/126
                      . . .
A61L 31/127
                                { containing fillers of phosphorus-containing inorganic materials }
                      . . .
A61L 31/128
                                { containing other specific inorganic fillers not covered by A61L 31/126 or A61L
                                31/127 }
A61L 31/129
                                { containing macromolecular fillers }
                      . . .
```

A61L 31/14	<ul> <li>Materials characterised by their function or physical properties, { e.g. injectable or lubricating compositions, shape-memory materials, surface modified materials }</li> </ul>
A61L 31/141	{ Plasticizers }
A61L 31/143	{ Stabilizers }
A61L 31/145	{ Hydrogels or hydrocolloids }
A61L 31/146	{ Porous materials, e.g. foams or sponges }
A61L 31/148	{ Materials at least partially resorbable by the body }
A61L 31/16	<ul> <li>Biologically active materials, e.g. therapeutic substances { <u>A61L 31/047</u> takes precedence }</li> </ul>
A61L 31/18	Materials at least partially X-ray or laser opaque
A61L 33/00	Antithrombogenic treatment of surgical articles, e.g. sutures, catheters, prostheses, or of articles for the manipulation or conditioning of blood

**Materials for such treatment** 

In groups  $\underline{A61L\ 33/0076}$  to  $\underline{A61L\ 33/0094}$  and  $\underline{A61L\ 33/02}$  to  $\underline{A61L\ 33/12}$  A, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place

When classifying in groups  $\underline{A61L\ 33/02}$  to  $\underline{A61L\ 33/12}$  A, classification is also made in group  $\underline{A61L\ 33/0005}$  if of interest

In group  $\underline{A61L\ 33/00}$ , the use of specific polymers is indicated using the relevant classification symbols of subclass  $\underline{C08L}$  int the second position of the combination set, e.g. antithrombogenic treatment with the help of polyvinylchloride  $\underline{A61L\ 33/06}$  B,  $\underline{C08L\ 27/06}$ 

A61L 33/0005	. { Use of materials characterised by their function or physical properties }
A61L 33/0011	{ Anticoagulant, e.g. heparin, platelet aggregation inhibitor, fibrinolytic agent, other than enzymes, attached to the substrate }
A61L 33/0017	{ using a surface active agent }
A61L 33/0023	{ using a quaternized group or a protonated amine group of the substrate }
A61L 33/0029	{ using an intermediate layer of polymer }
A61L 33/0035	{ using a polymer with positively charged atoms in the polymeric backbone, e.g. ionenes }
A61L 33/0041	{ characterised by the choice of an antithrombatic agent other than heparin ( heparinoïd <u>A61L 33/08</u> ; polypeptides <u>A61L 33/12</u> )}
A61L 33/0047	{ Enzymes, e.g. urokinase, streptokinase }
A61L 33/0052	{ Plasticizers }
A61L 33/0058	{ Stabilizers }
A61L 33/0064	{ Hydrogels or hydrocolloids }
A61L 33/007	{ Porous materials, e.g. foams or sponges }
A61L 33/0076	. { Chemical modification of the substrate }
A61L 33/0082	{ by reacting with an organic compound other than heparin }

```
A61L 33/0088
                            { by grafting of a monomer onto the substrate }
A61L 33/0094
                      . { Physical treatment, e.g. plasma treatment }
A61L 33/02
                         Use of inorganic materials
A61L 33/022
                            { Metal or alloys }
A61L 33/025
                            { Carbon; Graphite }
A61L 33/027
                            { Other specific inorganic materials not covered by A61L 33/022 or A61L 33/025 }
A61L 33/04
                         Use of organic materials, e.g. acetylsalicyclic acid
                         Use of macromolecular materials (grafting of a monomer onto the substrate A61L
A61L 33/06
                         33/0088)
A61L 33/062
                            { Mixtures of macromolecular compounds }
                            { obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds ( A61L
A61L 33/064
                            33/062 takes precedence)}
A61L 33/066
                               { Rubbers }
                      . . .
                            { obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated
A61L 33/068
                      . .
                            bonds ( A61L 33/062 takes precedence ) }
A61L 33/08
                            Polysaccharides
A61L 33/12
                            Polypeptides, proteins or derivatives thereof, { e.g. degradation products thereof }
A61L 33/122
                               { Collagen }
A61L 33/124
                               { Gelatin }
A61L 33/126
                               { Fibrin }
                      . . .
A61L 33/128
                               { Other specific proteins or polypeptides not covered by A61L 33/122 to A61L
                      . . .
                               <u>33/126</u> }
A61L 33/18
                         Use of ingredients of undetermined constitution or reaction products thereof
Guide heading:
A61L 2202/00
                      Aspects relating to methods or apparatus for disinfecting or sterilising materials or
                      objects
A61L 2202/10
                         Apparatus features
A61L 2202/11
                            Apparatus for generating biocidal substances, e.g. vaporisers, UV lamps
A61L 2202/12
                            Apparatus for isolating biocidal substances from the environment
A61L 2202/121
                               Sealings, e.g. doors, covers, valves, sluices
A61L 2202/122
                               Chambers for sterilisation
A61L 2202/123
                               Connecting means
                      . . .
A61L 2202/13
                            Biocide decomposition means, e.g. catalysts, sorbents
                      . .
A61L 2202/14
                            Means for controlling sterilisation processes, data processing, presentation and
                      . .
                            storage means, e.g. sensors, controllers, programs
A61L 2202/15
                            Biocide distribution means, e.g. nozzles, pumps, manifolds, fans, baffles, sprayers
A61L 2202/16
                            Mobile applications, e.g. portable devices, trailers, devices mounted on vehicles
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A61L 2202/17 Combination with washing or cleaning means A61L 2202/18 Aseptic storing means . . A61L 2202/181 Flexible packaging means, e.g. permeable membranes, paper A61L 2202/182 Rigid packaging means A61L 2202/20 Targets to be treated A61L 2202/21 Pharmaceuticals, e.g. medicaments, artificial body parts A61L 2202/22 Blood or products thereof . . A61L 2202/23 Containers, e.g. vials, bottles, syringes, mail . . A61L 2202/24 Medical instruments, e.g. endoscopes, catheters, sharps . . A61L 2202/25 Rooms in buildings, passenger compartments . . A61L 2202/26 Textiles, e.g. towels, beds, cloths **Guide heading:** A61L 2209/00 Aspects relating to disinfection, sterilisation or deodorisation of air A61L 2209/10 Apparatus features A61L 2209/11 Apparatus for controlling air treatment A61L 2209/111 Sensor means, e.g. motion, brightness, scent, contaminant sensors . . . A61L 2209/12 Lighting means . . A61L 2209/13 Dispensing or storing means for active compounds . . A61L 2209/131 Semi-permeable membranes A61L 2209/132 Piezo or ultrasonic elements for dispensing A61L 2209/133 Replaceable cartridges, refills A61L 2209/134 Distributing means, e.g. baffles, valves, manifolds, nozzles . . . A61L 2209/135 Vaporisers for active components . . . A61L 2209/14 Filtering means A61L 2209/15 Supporting means, e.g. stands, hooks, holes for hanging . . Connections to a HVAC unit A61L 2209/16 . . A61L 2209/20 Method-related aspects A61L 2209/21 Use of chemical compounds for treating air or the like A61L 2209/211 Use of hydrogen peroxide, liquid and vaporous Use of ozone, e.g. generated by UV radiation or electrical discharge A61L 2209/212 . . . Use of electrochemically treated water, e.g. electrolysed water or water treated A61L 2209/213 . . . by electrical discharge A61L 2209/22 Treatment by sorption, e.g. absorption, adsorption, chemisorption, scrubbing, wet . . cleaning

# A61L 2300/00 Biologically active materials used in bandages, wound dressings, absorbent pads or medical devices

A61L 2300/10	containing or releasing inorganic materials
A61L 2300/102	<ul> <li>Metals or metal compounds, e.g. salts such as bicarbonates, carbonates, oxides, zeolites, silicates</li> </ul>
A61L 2300/104	Silver, e.g. silver sulfadiazine
A61L 2300/106	Halogens or compounds thereof, e.g. iodine, chlorite
A61L 2300/108	Elemental carbon , e.g. charcoal
A61L 2300/11	Peroxy compounds, peroxides, e.g. hydrogen peroxide
A61L 2300/112	Phosphorus-containing compounds, e.g. phosphates, phosphonates
A61L 2300/114	Nitric oxide, i.e. NO
A61L 2300/20	. containing or releasing organic materials
A61L 2300/202	with halogen atoms, e.g. triclosan, povidone-iodine
A61L 2300/204	with nitrogen-containing functional groups, e.g. aminoxides, nitriles, guanidines
A61L 2300/206	Biguanides, e.g. chlorohexidine
A61L 2300/208	Quaternary ammonium compounds
A61L 2300/21	Acids
A61L 2300/212	Peroxy acids, peracids
A61L 2300/214	Amino acids
A61L 2300/216	with other specific functional groups, e.g. aldehydes, ketones, phenols, quaternary phosphonium groups
A61L 2300/22	Lipids, fatty acids, e.g. prostaglandins, oils, fats, waxes
A61L 2300/222	Steroids, e.g. corticosteroids
A61L 2300/224	containing metals, e.g. porphyrins, vitamin B12
A61L 2300/23	Carbohydrates
A61L 2300/232	Monosaccharides, disaccharides, polysaccharides, lipopolysaccharides
A61L 2300/236	Glycosaminoglycans, e.g. heparin, hyaluronic acid, chondroitin
A61L 2300/25	Peptides having up to 20 amino acids in a defined sequence
A61L 2300/252	Polypeptides, proteins, e.g. glycoproteins, lipoproteins, cytokines
A61L 2300/254	Enzymes, proenzymes
A61L 2300/256	Antibodies, e.g. immunoglobulins, vaccines
A61L 2300/258	Genetic materials, DNA, RNA, genes, vectors, e.g. plasmids
A61L 2300/30	Compounds of undetermined constitution extracted from natural sources, e.g. Aloe
	Vera
A61L 2300/40	. characterised by a specific therapeutic activity or mode of action
A61L 2300/402	Anaestetics , analgesics, e.g. lidocaine
A61L 2300/404	Biocides, antimicrobial agents, antiseptic agents
A61L 2300/406	Antibiotics
A61L 2300/408	· · · Virucides, spermicides
A61L 2300/41	Anti-inflammatory agents, e.g. NSAIDs
A61L 2300/412	Tissue-regenerating or healing or proliferative agents
A61L 2300/414	Growth factors
A61L 2300/416	Anti-neoplastic or anti-proliferative or anti-restenosis or anti-angiogenic agents, e.g.

paclitaxel, sirolimus A61L 2300/418 Agents promoting blood coagulation, blood-clotting agents, embolising agents . . A61L 2300/42 Anti-thrombotic agents, anticoagulants, anti-platelet agents A61L 2300/422 Anti-atherosclerotic agents A61L 2300/424 Anti-adhesion agents A61L 2300/426 Immunomodulating agents, i.e. cytokines, interleukins, interferons . . A61L 2300/428 Vitamins, e.g. tocopherol, riboflavin A61L 2300/43 Hormones, e.g. dexamethasone A61L 2300/432 Inhibitors, antagonists ( A61L 2300/402 to A61L 2300/43 take precedence ) . . A61L 2300/434 of enzymes . . . A61L 2300/436 of receptors . . . A61L 2300/438 . . **Antigens** A61L 2300/44 Radioisotopes, radionuclides A61L 2300/442 Colorants, dyes Mixtures of two or more drugs, e.g. synergistic mixtures A61L 2300/45 . . A61L 2300/452 Lubricants . . A61L 2300/60 . characterised by a special physical form A61L 2300/602 Type of release, e.g. controlled, sustained, slow A61L 2300/604 Biodegradation A61L 2300/606 Coatings A61L 2300/608 having two or more layers A61L 2300/61 containing two or more active agents in different layers A61L 2300/62 Encapsulated active agents, e.g. emulsified droplets . . A61L 2300/622 Microcapsules . . . A61L 2300/624 Nanocapsules A61L 2300/626 Liposomes, micelles, vesicles . . . A61L 2300/63 Crystals . . A61L 2300/64 Animal cells A61L 2300/80 characterised by a special chemical form A61L 2300/802 Additives, excipients, e.g. cyclodextrins, fatty acids, surfactants A61L 2400/00 Materials characterised by their function or physical properties A61L 2400/02 Treatment of implants to prevent calcification or mineralisation in vivo A61L 2400/04 Materials for stopping bleeding A61L 2400/06 Flowable or injectable implant compositions A61L 2400/08 Methods for forming porous structures using a negative form which is filled and then removed by pyrolysis or dissolution

A61L 2400/10	. Materials for lubricating medical devices
A61L 2400/12	<ul> <li>Nanosized materials, e.g. nanofibres, nanoparticles, nanowires, nanotubes Nanostructured surfaces</li> </ul>
A61L 2400/14	. Adhesives for ostomy devices
A61L 2400/16	. Materials with shape-memory or superelastic properties
A61L 2400/18	<ul> <li>Modification of implant surfaces in order to improve biocompatibility, cell growth, fixation of biomolecules, e.g. plasma treatment</li> </ul>
A61L 2420/00	Materials or methods for coatings medical devices
A61L 2420/02	. Methods for coating medical devices
A61L 2420/04	<ul> <li>Coatings containing a composite material such as inorganic/organic, i.e. material comprising different phases</li> </ul>
A61L 2420/06	. Coatings containing a mixture of two or more compounds
A61L 2420/08	. Coatings comprising two or more layers
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A61L 2430/00	Materials or treatment for tissue regeneration
A61L 2430/02	for reconstruction of bones     weight-bearing implants
	. for reconstruction of bones
A61L 2430/02	for reconstruction of bones     weight-bearing implants
A61L 2430/02 A61L 2430/04	<ul> <li>for reconstruction of bones weight-bearing implants</li> <li>for mammary reconstruction</li> </ul>
A61L 2430/02 A61L 2430/04 A61L 2430/06	<ul> <li>for reconstruction of bones weight-bearing implants</li> <li>for mammary reconstruction</li> <li>for cartilage reconstruction, e.g. meniscus</li> </ul>
A61L 2430/04 A61L 2430/06 A61L 2430/10	<ul> <li>for reconstruction of bones weight-bearing implants</li> <li>for mammary reconstruction</li> <li>for cartilage reconstruction, e.g. meniscus</li> <li>for reconstruction of tendons or ligaments</li> </ul>
A61L 2430/02  A61L 2430/04  A61L 2430/06  A61L 2430/10  A61L 2430/12	<ul> <li>for reconstruction of bones weight-bearing implants</li> <li>for mammary reconstruction</li> <li>for cartilage reconstruction, e.g. meniscus</li> <li>for reconstruction of tendons or ligaments</li> <li>for dental implants or prostheses</li> </ul>
A61L 2430/02  A61L 2430/04  A61L 2430/06  A61L 2430/10  A61L 2430/12  A61L 2430/14	<ul> <li>for reconstruction of bones weight-bearing implants</li> <li>for mammary reconstruction</li> <li>for cartilage reconstruction, e.g. meniscus</li> <li>for reconstruction of tendons or ligaments</li> <li>for dental implants or prostheses</li> <li>for ear reconstruction or ear implants, e.g. implantable hearing aids</li> </ul>
A61L 2430/02  A61L 2430/04  A61L 2430/06  A61L 2430/10  A61L 2430/12  A61L 2430/14  A61L 2430/16	<ul> <li>for reconstruction of bones weight-bearing implants</li> <li>for mammary reconstruction</li> <li>for cartilage reconstruction, e.g. meniscus</li> <li>for reconstruction of tendons or ligaments</li> <li>for dental implants or prostheses</li> <li>for ear reconstruction or ear implants, e.g. implantable hearing aids</li> <li>for reconstruction of eye parts, e.g. intraocular lens, cornea</li> </ul>
A61L 2430/02  A61L 2430/04  A61L 2430/06  A61L 2430/10  A61L 2430/12  A61L 2430/14  A61L 2430/16  A61L 2430/18	<ul> <li>for reconstruction of bones weight-bearing implants</li> <li>for mammary reconstruction</li> <li>for cartilage reconstruction, e.g. meniscus</li> <li>for reconstruction of tendons or ligaments</li> <li>for dental implants or prostheses</li> <li>for ear reconstruction or ear implants, e.g. implantable hearing aids</li> <li>for reconstruction of eye parts, e.g. intraocular lens, cornea</li> <li>for hair reconstruction</li> </ul>
A61L 2430/02  A61L 2430/04  A61L 2430/06  A61L 2430/10  A61L 2430/12  A61L 2430/14  A61L 2430/16  A61L 2430/18  A61L 2430/20	<ul> <li>for reconstruction of bones weight-bearing implants</li> <li>for mammary reconstruction</li> <li>for cartilage reconstruction, e.g. meniscus</li> <li>for reconstruction of tendons or ligaments</li> <li>for dental implants or prostheses</li> <li>for ear reconstruction or ear implants, e.g. implantable hearing aids</li> <li>for reconstruction of eye parts, e.g. intraocular lens, cornea</li> <li>for hair reconstruction</li> <li>for reconstruction of the heart, e.g. heart valves</li> </ul>

A61L 2430/28	. for liver reconstruction
A61L 2430/30	. for muscle reconstruction
A61L 2430/32	. for nerve reconstruction
A61L 2430/34	. for soft tissue reconstruction
A61L 2430/36	<ul> <li>for embolization or occlusion, e.g. vaso-occlusive compositions or devices ( artificial blood vessels <u>A61L 27/507</u> )</li> </ul>
A61L 2430/38	. for reconstruction of the spine, vertebrae or intervertebral discs
A61L 2430/40	<ul> <li>Preparation and treatment of biological tissue for implantation, e.g. decellularisation, cross-linking</li> </ul>